1. (6 points) Information about two functions is provided in the following table:

х	-1	0	1	2	3	4
f(x)	4	6	3	1	-1	1
g(x)	7	0	4	2	2	3

Compute each given operation below and enter your answer in the corresponding box.

(a)
$$g(f(-1)) = 43$$

= $g(4)$

(b)
$$f(g(1)) =$$

(c)
$$\frac{g(1)}{f(1)} = \frac{4}{3}$$

- 2. It costs 3 dollars for the Hilbert hotel to make a breakfast sandwich. So if the hotel charges x dollars for a sandwich, the profit per sandwich is given by p(x) = x - 3. On a given day, the number of sandwiches that they will sell for x dollars is n(x) = 180 - 15x.
 - (a) (3 points) Consider the function $g(x) = p(x) \cdot n(x)$, and note that

$$g(x) = (x-3)(180-15x).$$

In the context of the problem, interpret the meanings of the inputs and outputs of g(x).

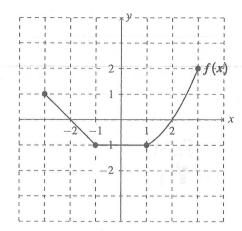


(b) (3 points) Find the roots of g(x) and interpret their meaning in the context of this problem.

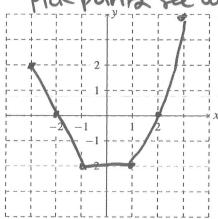


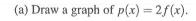
Initials:

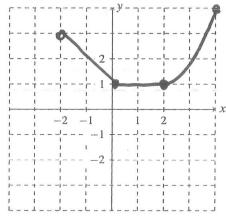
3. (12 points) Below is a graph of a function f(x):



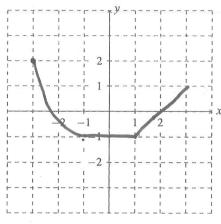
On each of the following axes, graph the transformation of f(x) indicated beneath the axes. Pick points we unat happens to them







(b) Draw a graph of g(x) = f(x-1) + 2.



(c) Draw a graph of q(x) = f(-x).

w	
Initials:	
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4. Suppose that f(x) is a function and consider the transformation

$$g(x) = -3f(\frac{1}{2}x-2)+4$$
.

(a) (3 points) State the horizontal transformations in the correct order.

This is in Standard form

2) Shift right by 2

(b) (3 points) State the vertical transformations in the correct order.

Slip them (2) 18th Verticul stretch by

3) Shift up by 4.

(c) (2 points) Suppose now that f(1) = 2. State one point that must be on the graph of g(x).

The idea is to get $\frac{1}{2}x-2=1$ so that we can say something about $f(\frac{1}{2}x*-2)$

$$\frac{1}{2}x-2=1=> x=6$$

So, if x=6

$$g(6) = -3f(\frac{1}{2}(6-2) + 4 = -3f(1) + 4 = -6+4$$

50, (6,-2) is a point on g(x).

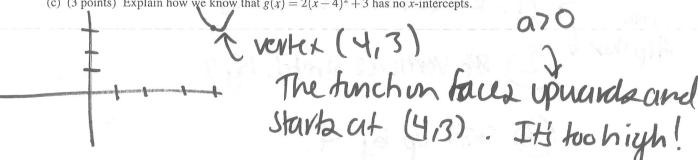
Initials:	

- 5. Answer the following questions about quadratic equations
 - (a) (2 points) Write $f(x) = x^2 7x + 12$ in factored form.

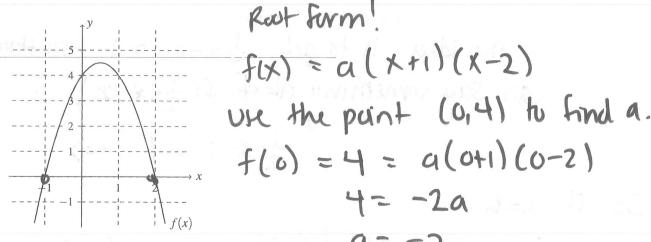
(b) (2 points) What is the y-intercept of $f(x) = x^2 - 7x + 12$?

(0,12) MUST BE A POINT!

(c) (3 points) Explain how we know that $g(x) = 2(x-4)^2 + 3$ has no x-intercepts.



(d) (3 points) Find a formula for the quadratic function h(x) graphed below. Notes that h(2) = 0, h(-1) = 0 and h(0) = 4. Leave your answer in factored form.



Graph of h(x)

Initials:	
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6. Suppose that an astronaut hits a golf ball while on the moon. The height of the ball (in meters) seconds later is given by

 $h(t) = (-0.8125)^2 + 6.5t$.

(a) (5 points) Put h(t) in vertex form, find the vertex, and interpret the meaning of the vertex in the context of this problem.

Lound $x \text{ udl. of } : \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-6.5}{2x0.812.5}$

y cord. of: n(4) = -0.8125.16 + 26

(4, 13) Henre So, vertex is $h(t) = a(x-4)^2 + 13$ a = -

 $(N(+) = -0.8125(x-4)^2 + 13$

(b) (5 points) Find the t-intercepts of h(t) and interpret the meaning in the context of the problem.

h(+) = - 10.8+25+(1 = + (-0.8825+ +6.5)

Times when the Ball is on the

Initials:	
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- 7. Suppose that d(t) gives number of doughnuts sold at the Torus (a coffee and doughnut shop) on day t where t is the number of days since they opened.
 - (a) (4 points) Let f(t) be the number of doughnuts that the Torus makes on day t. The Torus makes five more than double the number of doughnuts on day t as were sold on the same day one week earlier. Write f(t) as a transformation of d(t) and list the transformations in the appropriate order.

f(t) = 2d(t-7)+5 (1) Shift night 7 (2) Vertice Shetch by 2 (3) Shift up by 5.

(b) (4 points) Suppose that the profit (in dollars) is given by p(t) on day t. Each day, the Torus makes \$1.50 for every doughnut sold, but it costs \$200 a day to run the business. Write p(t) as a transformation of d(t) and list the transformations in the appropriate order.